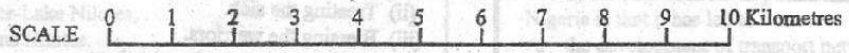
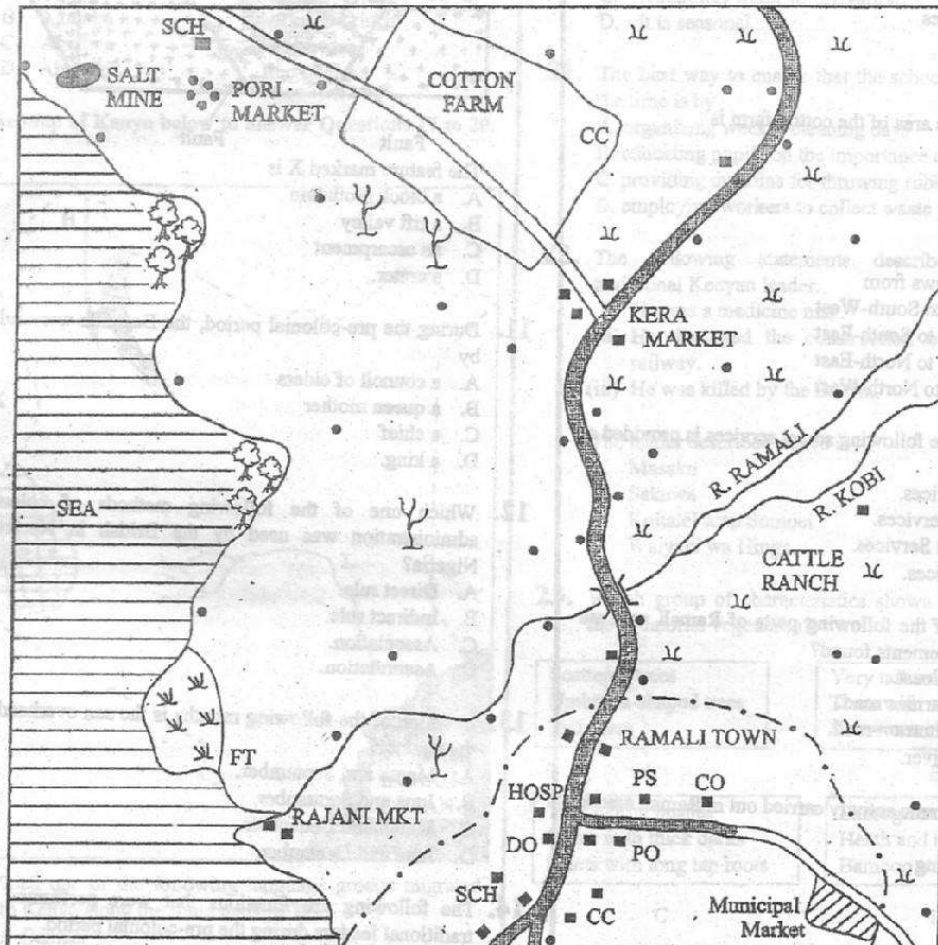


# KCPE 2009

## PART I SOCIAL STUDIES

### RAMALI AREA



**KEY**

	Murram Road	CC	Chief's Camp
	Tarmac Road	HOSP	Hospital
	Bridge	DO	District Office
	Municipal Boundary	PO	Post Office
	Permanent Buildings	PS	Police Station
	Other Houses	SCH	School
	Mangrove Trees	FT	Fish Trap
	Scattered Trees	CO	Constituency Office
	Papyrus Swamp		
	Scrub		

Study the map of RAMALI area and answer questions 1 to 7.

- The natural vegetation found around Kera market is
  - mangrove forest
  - scattered trees
  - papyrus
  - scrub.
- The approximate area of the cotton farm is
  - 4 km<sup>2</sup>
  - 8 km<sup>2</sup>
  - 12 km<sup>2</sup>
  - 14 km<sup>2</sup>.
- River Ramali flows from
  - North-East to South-West
  - North-West to South-East
  - South-West to North-East
  - South-East to North-West
- Which one of the following social services is provided at Pori market?
  - Health Services.
  - Religious Services.
  - Educational Services.
  - Postal Services.
- In which one of the following parts of Ramali area are most of the settlements found?
  - Along the Coast.
  - Along the tarmac road.
  - Along the murrum road.
  - Along the river.
- The main economic activity carried out in Ramali area is
  - salt mining
  - cattle keeping
  - fishing
  - trading.
- The climate of Ramali area can be described as
  - hot and dry
  - hot and wet
  - cold and wet
  - cold and dry.
- In traditional African societies, the youth were taught moral laws mainly to
  - promote unity among themselves
  - show kindness to other people
  - grow into respectable adults
  - become courageous.
- Which one of the following statements is true about traditional industries during the pre-colonial period?
  - They provided the necessary household items.
  - They promoted the development of roads.
  - They provided goods for export.
  - They encouraged the establishment of museums.

10. The diagram below represents a physical feature. Use it to answer the question that follows.



The feature marked X is

- a block mountain
  - a rift valley
  - an escarpment
  - a crater.
- During the pre-colonial period, the Baganda were ruled by
    - a council of elders
    - a queen mother
    - a chief
    - a king.
  - Which one of the following methods of colonial administration was used by the British in Northern Nigeria?
    - Direct rule.
    - Indirect rule.
    - Association.
    - Assimilation.
  - In which of the following months is the sun overhead at the equator?
    - March and September.
    - June and September.
    - March and December.
    - June and December.
  - The following are functions that were performed by traditional leaders during the pre-colonial period.
    - Settling disputes.
    - Treating the sick.
    - Blessing the warriors.
    - Allocating land to clan members.
    - Foretelling the future.

Which one of the following combinations of the functions above was performed by the council of elders in traditional African societies?

    - (i), (ii), (v).
    - (ii), (iii), (v).
    - (i), (iii), (iv).
    - (iii), (iv), (vi).
  - Which one of the following groups of people belong to a nuclear family?
    - Father, daughter, son.
    - Mother, son, grandfather.
    - Father, son, uncle.
    - Grandmother, father, daughter.

26. Who among the following African leaders resisted the establishment of French Colonial rule?
- Menelik II.
  - Lewanika.
  - Samore Toure.
  - Kinjikitile Ngwale.

27. Which one of the following countries is correctly matched with its capital city?

Country	Capital city
A. Mali	Bamako
B. Ghana	Dakar
C. Senegal	Ndjamena
D. Chad	Accra

28. Three of the following are problems experienced by farmers in Mwea-Tebere Irrigation Scheme. Which one is not?
- Silting of canals.
  - Water-borne diseases.
  - Destruction of crops by birds.
  - Shortage of rice seeds.

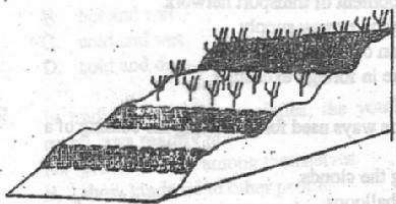
29. Horticultural farming in Kenya is different from that in the Netherlands in that

- horticultural cooperatives are better organized in Kenya than in the Netherlands
- Kenya has a wider local market than the Netherlands
- farming is less mechanized in Kenya than in the Netherlands
- there are more horticultural farms in Kenya than in the Netherlands.

30. Aku, your classmate, has been performing poorly in class because she learnt that her parents are HIV positive. Which one of the following is the best action for you to take to help Aku?

- Advise her to seek counselling services.
- Encourage her to work hard.
- Advise her to drop out of school.
- Encourage her to pray about the problem.

31. The diagram below represents a method used to conserve soil.



The method represented in the diagram above is

- contour ploughing
- strip cropping
- gabion building
- terracing.

32. Game reserves have been established in Kenya mainly to
- increase meat supply
  - ensure safety of wildlife
  - control movement of animals
  - make good use of dry lands.

33. The following are some historical events that have taken place in Kenya since independence.
- Daniel arap Moi retired as president
  - Section 2A of the constitution was amended
  - Kenya became a republic.

Which is the correct order in which the events took place?

- (i) (iii) (ii)
- (iii) (ii) (i)
- (i) (ii) (iii)
- (ii) (iii) (i).

34. The main reason why the United Nations (UN) was formed was to

- promote economic cooperation among nations
- take care of the environment
- promote peace in the world
- take care of refugees.

35. Three of the following statements are true about the Tswana pastoralists. Which one is not?

- They live in the wetter parts of their country.
- They keep large herds of livestock.
- They use some of their animals to pay bride price.
- They grow food crops around their temporary shelters.

36. Which one of the following was a result of settler farming in Kenya?

- Introduction of long horned cattle.
- Introduction of bee keeping.
- Introduction of intercropping.
- Introduction of cash crops.

37. Which one of the following is not a function of the body in charge of elections in Kenya?

- Creating new constituencies.
- Campaigning for candidates.
- Registering voters.
- Announcing election results.

38. Which one of the following groups of countries formed the East African Community in 1967?

- Kenya, Uganda and Tanzania.
- Kenya, Rwanda and Burundi.
- Kenya, Tanzania and Rwanda.
- Kenya, Uganda and Burundi.

39. Which one of the following cash crops is commonly grown in Zanzibar?

- Cocoa.
- Sugarcane.
- Cloves.
- Pyrethrum.



40. Three of the following are roles of political parties in a democracy. Which one is **not**?
- They encourage citizens to take part in elections.
  - They monitor activities of the government.
  - They campaign for equal rights for citizens.
  - They approve bills to be debated in parliament.
41. Fresh flowers from Kenya are exported to Europe by air because air transport is
- fast
  - cheap
  - safe
  - comfortable.
42. In Kenya, a national population census is carried out after a period of
- 10 years
  - 8 years
  - 5 years
  - 1 year.
43. A pupil has been told by the parents to help in fetching water for sale instead of attending school. The best action for the pupil to take is to
- ignore the parents
  - accept to do the work
  - run away from home
  - report the matter to the headteacher.
44. The *Harambee* movement in Kenya has led to
- establishment of new towns
  - development of railway transport
  - the expansion of health services
  - the introduction of free primary education.
45. One of the problems affecting fishing in Lake Victoria is that
- parts of the lake are rocky
  - parts of the lake have water hyacinth
  - the lake level keeps changing
  - sand from rivers is deposited in the lake.
46. Which one of the following is the reason why *Madaraka* Day is celebrated in Kenya?
- To remember the day when self government was attained.
  - To remember the day freedom fighters were arrested.
  - To remember the day when Mau Mau movement started.
  - To remember the day Kenya became a colony.
47. Which one of the following statements is true of both Julius Nyerere of Tanzania and Haile Selassie of Ethiopia?
- They led their countries to independence.
  - They were founder members of the OAU.
  - They were forced out of power by the army.
  - They introduced socialism in their countries.

48. Which one of the following tourist attractions in Africa is correctly matched with the country where it is found?
- | Tourist attraction | Country      |
|--------------------|--------------|
| A. Pyramids        | Egypt        |
| B. Gedi Ruins      | South Africa |
| C. Victoria Falls  | Kenya        |
| D. Sandy beaches   | Zimbabwe     |
49. Which one of the following is a role of the School Management Committee in public primary schools in Kenya?
- To distribute text books to pupils.
  - To punish pupils for missing school.
  - To supervise teachers.
  - To build classrooms.
50. Which one of the following is a requirement for a person who wishes to be elected as a member of parliament in Kenya?
- The person should be
- married and with children
  - a retired councillor
  - eighteen years and above
  - supported by one thousand registered voters.
51. Which one of the following places is the safest for pupils to cross the road?
- Where there are bumps.
  - Where there are traffic lights.
  - At a roundabout.
  - Where there is a road junction.
52. Which one of the following groups of industries consists of service industries?
- |                                |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| banking<br>bicycle repair      | vehicle assembly<br>fruit canning |
| A                              | B                                 |
| coffee milling<br>fish canning | furniture making<br>bakery        |
| C                              | D                                 |
53. Which one of the following government officers is correctly matched with the right responsibility?
- | Government officer       | Responsibilities                          |
|--------------------------|---|
| A. Attorney General      | To arrest criminals                       |
| B. Police Officer        | To help law breakers to reform            |
| C. District Commissioner | To explain government policy              |
| D. Prison Officer        | To advise the government on legal matters |
54. In Kenya, civil marriages are conducted by
- a magistrate
  - a councillor
  - a clan elder
  - a religious leader.

55. A foreigner living in Kenya may enjoy the following rights **except**
- A. Right to life
  - B. Right to own property
  - C. Right to fair trial
  - D. Right to vote during general elections

56. In Kenya, fluorspar is mined through
- A. deep shaft method
  - B. open cast method
  - C. panning
  - D. drilling.

57. The best way through which prefects can help the other pupils to become responsible citizens is by
- A. setting examples of good behaviour for others to copy
  - B. punishing those who misbehave in school
  - C. telling pupils to behave well
  - D. giving presents to those who behave well.

58. One of the functions of local authorities in Kenya is to
- A. build places of worship
  - B. ensure that people pay taxes
  - C. issue trade licences to traders
  - D. provide security to visitors.

59. Three of the following are ways through which national unity can be promoted in Kenya. Which one is **not**?
- A. Encouraging people to listen to vernacular radio stations.
  - B. Encouraging people to participate in national games.
  - C. Ensuring that people are free to settle in any part of the country.
  - D. Ensuring that people know how to sing the National Anthem.

60. Which one of the following is a function of parliament in Kenya?
- A. Implementing laws.
  - B. Making laws.
  - C. Judging those who break the law.
  - D. Advising the president on matters of law.

## PART II RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

### SECTION A: CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. From the Biblical stories of creation in Genesis 1 and 2, God created Adam and Eve to
- A. build places of worship
  - B. offer gifts to him
  - C. care for the environment
  - D. eat the fruits in the garden.

62. The main reason why Noah built an ark was to make him be able to
- A. fulfil God's wish
  - B. worship God there
  - C. keep the animals
  - D. hide his family.

63. "Leave your country, your relatives and your father's home and go to a land that I am going to show you." (Genesis 12:1)  
God spoke these words to
- A. Abram
  - B. Joseph
  - C. Jacob
  - D. Elisha.

64. Which one of the following happenings took place during the night marking the start of the Exodus?
- A. Moses killed an Egyptian.
  - B. All first born sons of the Egyptians died.
  - C. Water in river Nile turned into blood.
  - D. Frogs filled the land of Egypt.

65. Which of the following commandments was broken by the Israelites when they worshipped the golden bull calf at Mount Sinai?
- A. 'Do not commit adultery.'
  - B. 'Do not desire another person's property.'
  - C. 'Do not make for yourselves images.'
  - D. 'Do not accuse anyone falsely.'

66. Who among the following people was anointed as the first King of Israel?
- A. Saul.
  - B. David.
  - C. Solomon.
  - D. Ahab.

67. Jerusalem was considered a Jewish religious centre of worship because
- A. many people lived there
  - B. it was built on a hill
  - C. it was in the middle of the kingdom
  - D. it had the Ark of the Covenant.

68. Who among the following couples were the parents of Prophet Samuel?
- A. Sarah and Abraham.
  - B. Rebecca and Isaac.
  - C. Hannah and Elkanah.
  - D. Ruth and Boaz.

69. But the Lord said to me, "Do not say that you are too young, but go to the people I send you to ...." (Jeremiah 1:7)  
The main lesson Christians learn from this is that
- A. they should obey God's command
  - B. they should be concerned about others
  - C. God cares for his people
  - D. God wants them to be holy.



70. Which one of the following happenings took place on the eighth day after Jesus was born?
- The angel appeared to Mary.
  - Jesus was circumcised.
  - The angel appeared to the shepherds.
  - Jesus was dedicated.
71. From the incident when King Herod failed to kill baby Jesus, Christians learn that
- God loves honest people
  - they should be wise in their actions
  - God protects his people
  - they should forgive others.
72. Jesus was baptized in the river Jordan. The main lesson Christians learn from this is to
- obey the church leaders
  - identify with their church
  - keep away from sin
  - prepare for the work of God.
73. Which one of the following statements from the New Testament is a beatitude?
- "The Lord is with you and has greatly blessed you."
  - "Happy are those who believe without seeing me."
  - "How happy you are to believe the Lord's message."
  - "Happy are those who are merciful to others, God will be merciful to them."
74. The parable of the widow and the judge teaches Christians to
- keep on praying
  - look for the lost
  - live in joy
  - be repentant.
75. The main lesson Christians learn from the miracle of the raising of Lazarus is to
- look for help
  - have courage
  - be thankful
  - have faith.
76. The army officer who saw Jesus dying on the cross described him as a
- kind person
  - powerful man
  - humble person
  - good man.
77. The two disciples whom Jesus met after his resurrection were on their way to
- Emmaus
  - Jerusalem
  - Jericho
  - Bethlehem.
78. Which one of the following events took place on the day of Pentecost?
- The curtain of the Temple was torn in two.
  - The believers spoke in other languages.
  - Jesus was taken up to heaven
  - Saul became an apostle of Jesus.
79. Who among the following people was chosen to replace Judas as an apostle of Christ?
- Matthias.
  - Barrabas.
  - Simeon of Cyrene.
  - Joseph of Arimathea.
80. "I see heaven opened and the Son of Man standing at the right side of God." (Acts 7:56). These words were spoken by Stephen when he was
- serving food
  - helping widows
  - performing miracles
  - preaching to the people.
81. What was Saul going to do in Damascus when he was blinded by a strong light? He was going to
- meet with Ananias
  - persecute the believers
  - be baptised
  - meet with the gentiles.
82. Which one of the following types of worship is common in both Christianity and traditional African religion?
- Reading the Bible.
  - Reciting creeds.
  - Giving offerings.
  - Celebrating the Lord's supper.
83. Three of the following activities in traditional African communities show that there is life after death. Which one does not?
- Pouring libations.
  - Singing and dancing.
  - Slaughtering animals.
  - Giving bride price.
84. In traditional African communities children are told stories mainly to
- teach them moral values
  - entertain them
  - keep them busy
  - pass on community history.
85. Which one of the following practices would best show how a Christian can care for the environment?
- Burning rubbish.
  - Planting trees.
  - Sweeping the house.
  - Draining stagnant water.
86. Which one of the following ways shows the right use of wealth by Christians?
- Going for tours.
  - Saving in the bank.
  - Developing community projects.
  - Buying clothes.



87. Which one of the following activities by Christians best shows how they can use their day of rest?
- Helping the needy.
  - Singing in the choir.
  - Making new friends.
  - Reading story books.
88. Which one of the following is a reason why a Christian should take part in group work?
- To
- seek favours
  - become popular
  - make money
  - promote unity.
89. While waiting for the Kenya Certificate of Primary Education examination results, Daniel is asked by an old lady for a hand in marriage. As a Christian the best action to take is to
- tell his parents about it
  - seek advice from his friends
  - tell the pastor about it
  - tell her he is not ready for it.
90. After Agnes, a standard eight pupil, has bought a kilogram of sugar, the shopkeeper refuses to give her the correct change. As a Christian the best action for her to take is to
- shout for help
  - ask for it
  - cry about it
  - forget about it.

## SECTION B ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. What favour is given to the Makkans in *Surah Quraish*?
- Art of trading.
  - Victory over Abraha's army.
  - Respect from other tribes.
  - Custody of the *Kaaba*.
62. The main message of *Surah Al-Ikhlās* is
- Seerah*
  - Tawheed*
  - Muamalat*
  - Fiqh*.
63. Which one of the following is a lesson from *Surah Al-Kauthar*?
- Man was created from a clot.
  - The enemies of the Prophet (p.b.u.h) will be cut off.
  - Orphans should be treated with compassion.
  - Muslims should seek knowledge from Allah.
64. The *Surah* that asks Muslims to seek refuge from the mischief of created beings is
- Al-Fatihah*
  - Al-Lahab*
  - Al-Kafirun*
  - Al-Falaq*.
65. Which one of the following quotations is a verse from *Surah Al-Zalzalah*?
- "Nor is there to Him any equivalent."
  - "So pray to the Lord and sacrifice."
  - "And the earth throws up her burdens."
  - "Let them worship the Lord of this House."
66. Which one of the following is not one of the manners of eating according to the *Hadith* of the Prophet?
- Using a spoon to eat the food.
  - Reciting *Bismillah* before eating.
  - Eating with the right hand.
  - Eating the food that is in front of you.
67. "Islam is clean, so cleanse yourself for no unclean person will ....." Which one of the following clauses completes the quoted *Hadith*?
- be allowed into the mosque
  - recite the Quran
  - perform hajj
  - enter paradise.
68. Which one of the following clauses defines *Zakat*?
- Tax paid by the rich Muslims.
  - Contributions given to the beggars and the aged.
  - Fixed rate of alms paid to the poor and needy.
  - Payments made at the end of *Ramadhan*.
69. Which one of the following is a benefit of fasting to Muslims?
- It helps in the attainment of piety.
  - It helps them lose weight.
  - It helps them make savings.
  - It helps to improve their appetite.
70. Which one of the following is not a ritual of *Hajj*?
- Visiting Bait-ul-Maqdis.
  - Wearing of *ihram*.
  - Stoning the *Jamarat*.
  - Staying at Mina.
71. A *sunnah* act of *saum* is
- fasting without *suhur* meal
  - delaying the breaking of the fast
  - performance of *taraweeh* prayer
  - taking leave from work.
72. On which one of the following occasions is *uqiqa* performed?
- When a person converts to Islam.
  - When a baby is born.
  - When a person completes *Hajj*.
  - When a boy graduates from Madrassa.



73. Which one of the following is not a sunnah act of *Idd-ul-Fitr*?
- Taking breakfast before *Idd* prayer.
  - Reciting *Takbir* on the way to *Idd* prayer.
  - Giving out *zakatul fitr*.
  - Slaughtering an animal.
74. In which *rakaat* is *Tashahud* not performed?
- First.
  - Second.
  - Third.
  - Fourth.
75. Sulaiman, a standard six pupil, is an orphan but his father left him with some money. How best can his guardian improve this money for him?
- Put the money in a bank.
  - Buy a house for him to let out.
  - Lend the money to a relative.
  - Open a business for him.
76. To which prophet was the *Taurat* revealed?
- Ibrahim.
  - Daud.
  - Issa.
  - Musa.
77. Which one of the following names of Allah shows that He sustains life?
- Al-Razzaq*.
  - Al-Ghafaar*.
  - Al-Fattah*.
  - Al-Musawwir*.
78. Which one of the following statements is not true about *Qiyama*?
- People will be judged according to their deeds.
  - Sinners will be given a chance to repent.
  - Evil doers will be punished.
  - Righteous people will be rewarded.
79. The two angels who are in charge of recording a person's good and bad deeds are
- Raqib and Atid
  - Munkar and Nakir
  - Jibril and Israfeel
  - Malik and Ridhwan.
80. Your classmate, Hassan, is disappointed because he was left out of the school football team. What is the best advice that you can give him?
- Look for a transfer to another school.
  - Continue playing football to improve his skills.
  - Stop playing football altogether.
  - Try his luck in another sport.
81. Your younger sister is going to boarding school in class five. The best advice that you could give her on how to choose her friends is to associate with pupils who
- come from famous families
  - are bright in class
  - perform regular prayers
  - are popular in the school.
82. During *Isra-wal-Miraj*, Prophet Muhammad (p.b.u.h) was taken from Makkah to the city of
- Cairo
  - Jerusalem
  - Damascus
  - Baghdad.
83. Which one of the following events took place during *Laila-tul-Qadr*?
- The Prophet gave his Last Sermon.
  - The Prophet was born.
  - The Prophet hid in the cave of Thaur.
  - The first revelation of the Quran.
84. Which one of the following is not a reason why Prophet Muhammad (p.b.u.h) migrated from Makkah to Madina?
- To trade with the inhabitants of Madina.
  - Allah ordered him to move to Madina.
  - The Qurnish attempted to kill him.
  - To escape the persecution of Muslims in Makkah.
85. Who advised the Prophet (p.b.u.h) to dig a trench round Madina during the battle of Khandaq?
- Abu Bakr.
  - Umar Ibn Khattab.
  - Salman Alfarsi.
  - Abu Talib.
86. Muslims on the coast of Kenya drove the Portuguese out of Fort Jesus by the help of the
- Omans
  - British
  - Persians
  - French.
87. Muslims mark the day of *Ashura* by
- slaughtering an animal
  - sending greeting cards
  - feasting
  - fasting.
88. Who among the following Prophets of Allah is not *uhul-Azm*?
- Musa.
  - Nuh.
  - Ismail.
  - Ibrahim.
89. The elder son of Adam, Qabeel killed his younger brother, Habel because
- Qabeel wanted to inherit his father's property
  - Allah accepted the sacrifice of Habel
  - Habel challenged him to a fight
  - Habel was more handsome than him.
90. Which one of the following is the role of a mosque?
- To propagate Islam.
  - A place for social gathering.
  - A place for holding feasts.
  - To promote culture.

